## LIGHT / DARK SENSORS

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On behalf of The World Association of Technology Teachers

## W.A.T.T.



World Association of Technology Teachers

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## LIGHT DEPENDENT RESISTORS

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1. What type of circuit normally contains an LDR?

2. Typical LDRs in school circuits can reach 1000 000 ohms in value. What is an alternative way of expressing 1000 000 ohms?

3. Draw the symbol for an LDR.

4. Sketch a typical LDR.

5. When it is dark what happens to the resistance of a typical LDR?

6. When it is light what happens to the resistance of a typical LDR?

7. When an LDR detects light or dark how long does it take for its resistance to change?

8. Consider your answer to question 7 - in terms of electronics is this fast or slow? Explain your answer.

9. What is the type of LDR commonly used in schools?



10. The light sensor shown opposite includes a preset resistor. Why has it been included?

11. Explain how the light sensor circuit works.

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12. A light sensor circuit is seen below. It is very similar to a dark sensor. Complete the dark sensor circuit.



14. In the space below draw a circuit that includes an LDR and explain the circuits function.