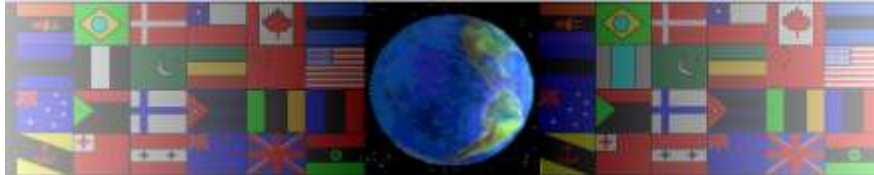


# INPUT, PROCESS, OUTPUT - THE PICAXE-08 MICROCONTROLLER

V.Ryan © 2000 - 2010

On behalf of The World Association of Technology Teachers

## W.A.T.T.



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This exercise can be printed and used by teachers and students. It is recommended that you view the website ([www.technologystudent.com](http://www.technologystudent.com)) before attempting the design sheet .

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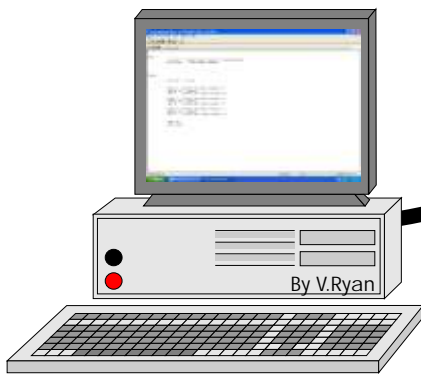
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1. A description of a PICAXE 08 starter kit is written below. Complete the systems diagram by adding a simple explanation to the INPUT, PROCESS and OUTPUT stages.

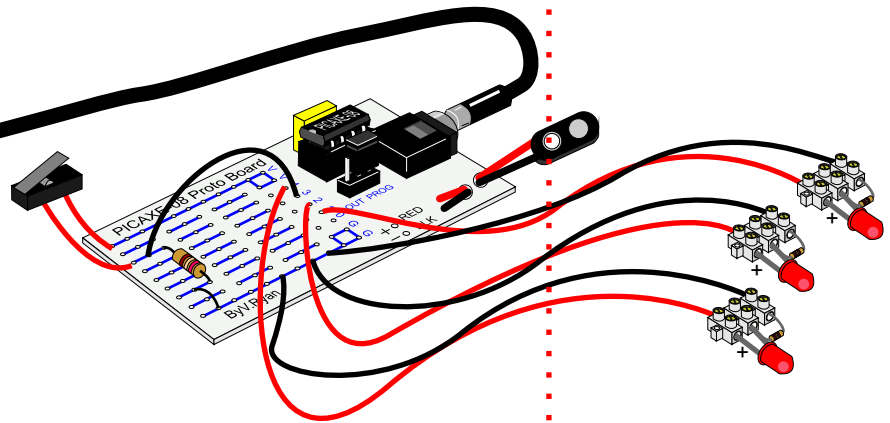
DESCRIPTION: The computer is used for programming. Once the programme has been completed, it is downloaded to the PICAXE circuit using a serial cable which connects to both the circuit and the serial port of the computer. This is the **INPUT** stage. When the programme has been downloaded successfully the serial cable can be unplugged.

The circuit is autonomous (it will work independently) as long as it has a power source. The power source is normally 4.5 volts. If the micro-switch shown on the example PICAXE circuit below is pressed, the circuit begins to follow the instructions programmed into the PICAXE Integrated circuit. This is the **PROCESSING** stage. The programme flashes the LEDs on and off. This is the **OUTPUT** stage. This simple circuit can be altered so that motors are switched on and off or sound is generated as well as other outputs.

## INPUT



## PROCESS



## OUTPUT

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2. Why are Systems Diagrams important, when designing a circuit and especially a programmable circuit/system? You may wish answer this question by describing a programmable circuit/control system, you have designed or manufactured. The key words / phrases may help you answer this question.

PLANNING

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

OPERATION

INPUT

PROCESS

OUTPUT

ORGANISATION

TESTING

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